

2N3250,A 2N3251,A

2N3250A, 2N3251A
JAN, JTX, JTXV AVAILABLE

CASE 22, STYLE 1
TO-18 (TO-206AA)

GENERAL PURPOSE TRANSISTOR
PNP SILICON

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	2N3250	2N3250A	Unit
		2N3251	2N3251A	
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V_{CEO}	40	60	Vdc
Collector-Base Voltage	V_{CBO}	50	60	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	V_{EBO}	5.0		Vdc
Collector Current	I_C	200		mAdc
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above 25°C	P_D	0.36		Watt
		2.06		mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above 25°C	P_D	1.2		Watts
		6.9		mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Operating and Storage Temperature Temperature Range	T_J, T_{stg}	-65 to +200		$^\circ\text{C}$

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	0.15	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	0.49	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted.)

Characteristic		Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
OFF CHARACTERISTICS					
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage (1) ($I_C = 10$ mAdc)	2N3250, 2N3251 2N3250A, 2N3251A	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	40 60	—	Vdc
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage ($I_C = 10$ μ Adc)	2N3250, 2N3251 2N3250A, 2N3251A	$V_{(BR)CBO}$	50 60	—	Vdc
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage ($I_E = 10$ μ Adc)		$V_{(BR)EBO}$	5.0	—	Vdc
Collector Cutoff Current ($V_{CE} = 40$ Vdc, $V_{BE} = 3.0$ Vdc)		I_{CEX}	—	20	Adc
Base Cutoff Current ($V_{CE} = 40$ Vdc, $V_{BE} = 3.0$ Vdc)		I_{BL}	—	50	nAdc
ON CHARACTERISTICS					
DC Forward Current Transfer Ratio (1) ($I_C = 0.1$ mAdc, $V_{CE} = 1.0$ Vdc)	2N3250, 2N3250A 2N3251, 2N3251A	h_{FE}	40	—	—
			80	—	
	(1) ($I_C = 1.0$ mAdc, $V_{CE} = 1.0$ Vdc)	2N3250, 2N3250A 2N3251, 2N3251A	45	—	—
			90	—	
(1) ($I_C = 10$ mAdc, $V_{CE} = 1.0$ Vdc)	2N3250, 2N3250A 2N3251, 2N3251A	50	150	—	
		100	300		
(1) ($I_C = 50$ mAdc, $V_{CE} = 1.0$ Vdc)	2N3250, 2N3250A 2N3251, 2N3251A	15	—	—	
		30	—		
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage (1) ($I_C = 10$ mAdc, $I_B = 1.0$ mAdc) ($I_C = 50$ mAdc, $I_B = 5.0$ mAdc)		$V_{CE(sat)}$	— —	0.25 0.5	Vdc
Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage (1) ($I_C = 10$ mAdc, $I_B = 1.0$ mAdc) ($I_C = 50$ mAdc, $I_B = 5.0$ mAdc)		$V_{BE(sat)}$	0.6 —	0.9 1.2	Vdc
SMALL-SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS					
Current-Gain — Bandwidth Product ($I_C = 10$ mAdc, $V_{CE} = 20$ Vdc, $f = 100$ MHz)	2N3250, 2N3250A 2N3251, 2N3251A	f_T	250	—	MHz
			300	—	
Output Capacitance ($V_{CB} = 10$ Vdc, $I_E = 0$, $f = 100$ kHz)		C_{obo}	—	6.0	pF
Input Capacitance ($V_{CB} = 1.0$ Vdc, $I_C = 0$, $f = 100$ kHz)		C_{ibo}	—	8.0	pF

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued) ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted.)

Characteristic		Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Input Impedance ($I_C = 1.0\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$, $f = 1.0\text{ kHz}$)	2N3250, 2N3250A 2N3251, 2N3251A	h_{ie}	1.0 2.0	6.0 12	kohms
Voltage Feedback Ratio ($I_C = 1.0\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$, $f = 1.0\text{ kHz}$)	2N3250, 2N3250A 2N3251, 2N3251A	h_{re}	— —	10 20	$\times 10^{-4}$
Small-Signal Current Gain ($I_C = 1.0\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$, $f = 1.0\text{ kHz}$)	2N3250, 2N3250A 2N3251, 2N3251A	h_{fe}	50 100	200 400	—
Output Admittance ($I_C = 1.0\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$, $f = 1.0\text{ kHz}$)	2N3250, 2N3250A 2N3251, 2N3251A	h_{oe}	4.0 10	40 60	μmhos
Collector Base Time Constant ($I_C = 10\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 20\text{ V}$)		$r_b' C_C$	—	250	ps
Noise Figure ($I_C = 100\ \mu\text{A}$, $V_{CE} = 5.0\text{ V}$, $R_S = 1.0\text{ k}\Omega$, $f = 100\text{ Hz}$)		NF	—	6.0	dB

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic		Symbol	Max	Unit
Delay Time	$(V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ Vdc}$, $V_{BE} = 0.5\text{ Vdc}$ $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$, $I_{B1} = 1.0\text{ mA}$)	t_d	35	ns
Rise Time		t_r	35	ns
Storage Time	$(I_C = 10\text{ mA}$, $I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 1.0\text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V}$)	t_s	175 200	ns
Fall Time		t_f	50	ns

(1) Pulse Test: $PW = 300\ \mu\text{s}$, Duty Cycle = 2.0%.

SWITCHING TIME CHARACTERISTICS

FIGURE 1 — DELAY AND RISE TIME

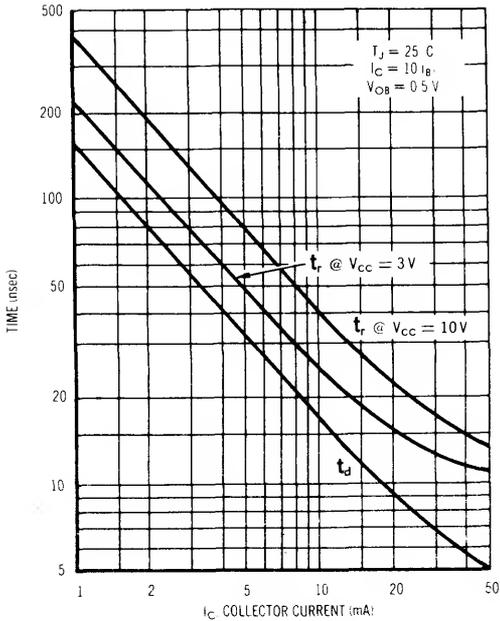
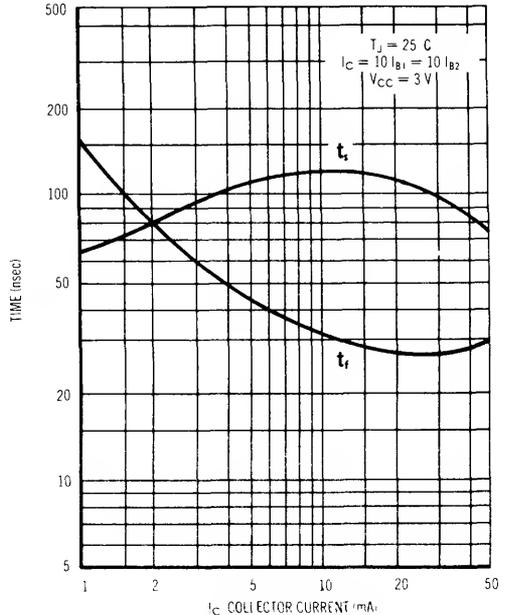


FIGURE 2 — STORAGE AND FALL TIME



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AUDIO SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS
NOISE FIGURE VARIATIONS
($V_{CE} = 6V, T_A = 25^\circ C$)

FIGURE 3 — FREQUENCY

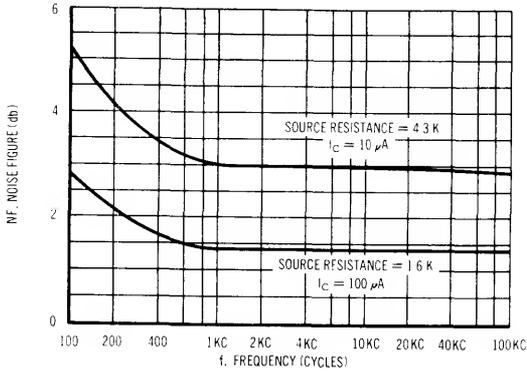
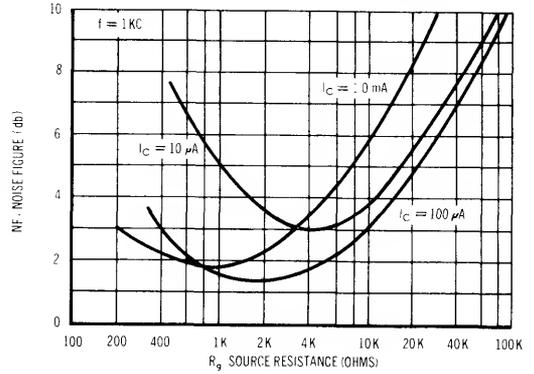


FIGURE 4 — SOURCE RESISTANCE



h PARAMETERS
 $V_{CE} = 10V, f = 1kc, T_A = 25^\circ C$

FIGURE 5 — CURRENT GAIN

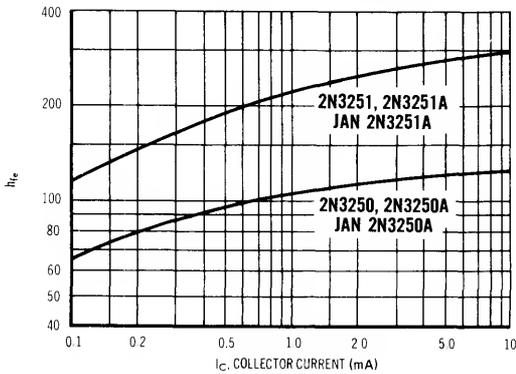


FIGURE 6 — OUTPUT ADMITTANCE

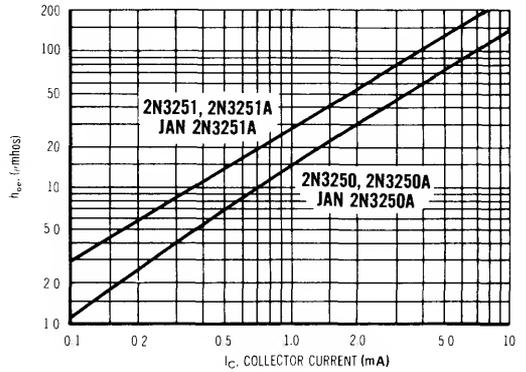


FIGURE 7 — VOLTAGE FEEDBACK RATIO

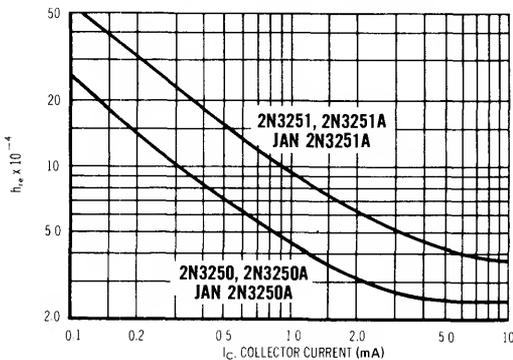


FIGURE 8 — INPUT IMPEDANCE

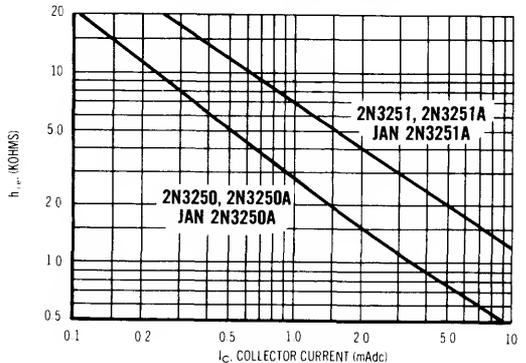


FIGURE 9 — NORMALIZED CURRENT GAIN CHARACTERISTICS

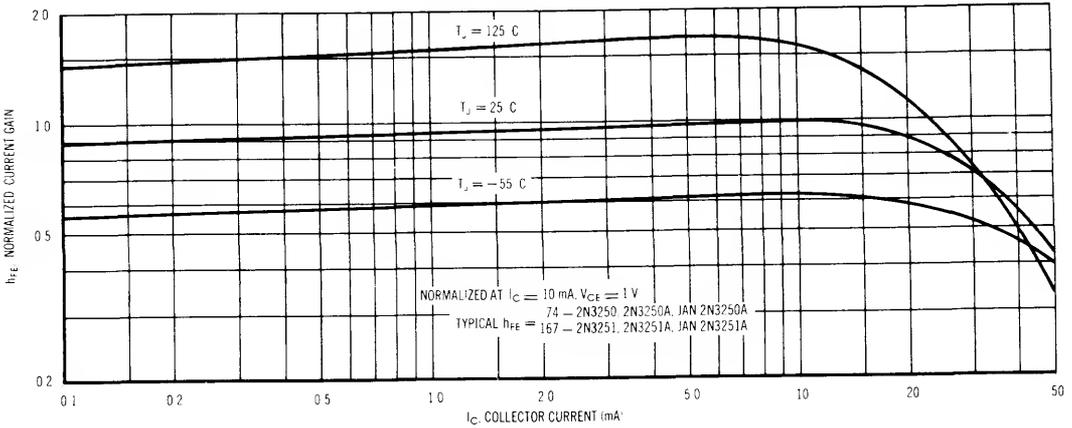
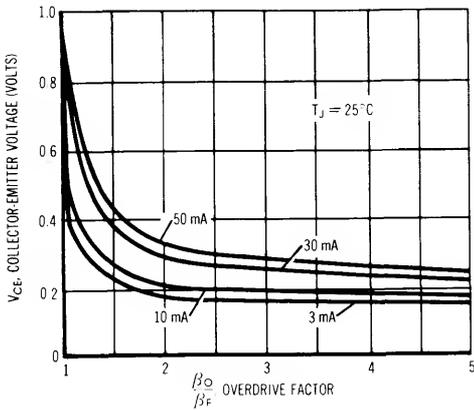


FIGURE 10 — COLLECTOR SATURATION REGION



This graph shows the effect of base current on collector current. β_O is the current gain of the transistor at 1 volt, and β_F (forced gain) is the ratio of I_C to I_B in a circuit. EXAMPLE: For type 2N3251, estimate a base current (I_B) to insure saturation at a temperature of 25 C and a collector current of 10 mA.

Observe that at $I_C = 10$ mA an overdrive factor of at least 2.5 is required to drive the transistor well into the saturation region. From Figure 1, it is seen that $h_{FE} @ 1$ volt is typically 167 (guaranteed limits from the Table of Characteristics can be used for "worst-case" design).

$$\frac{\beta_O}{\beta_F} = \frac{h_{FE} @ 1 \text{ Volt}}{I_C I_{BF}} \quad 2.5 = \frac{167}{10 \text{ mA } I_{BF}} \quad I_{BF} \approx 6.68 \text{ mA typ}$$

FIGURE 11 — SATURATION VOLTAGES

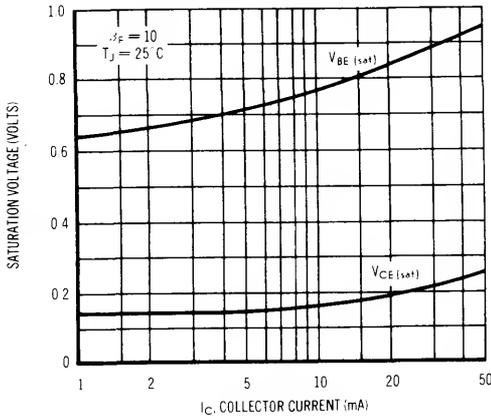
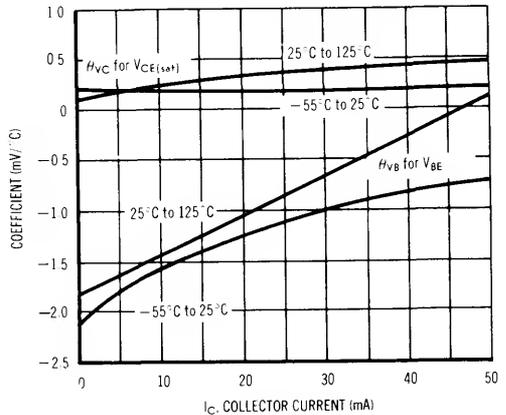


FIGURE 12 — TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENTS



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FIGURE 13 — f_T AND $r_b C_C$ versus I_C

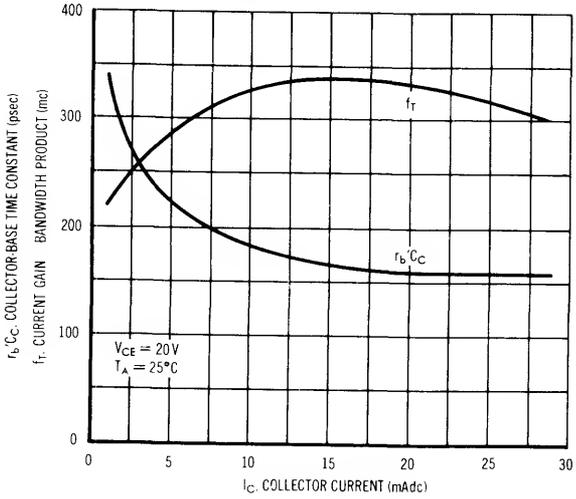


FIGURE 14 — 30 MC EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT

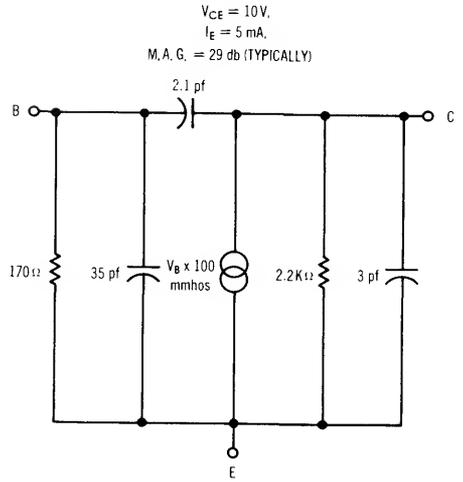


FIGURE 15 — JUNCTION CAPACITANCE

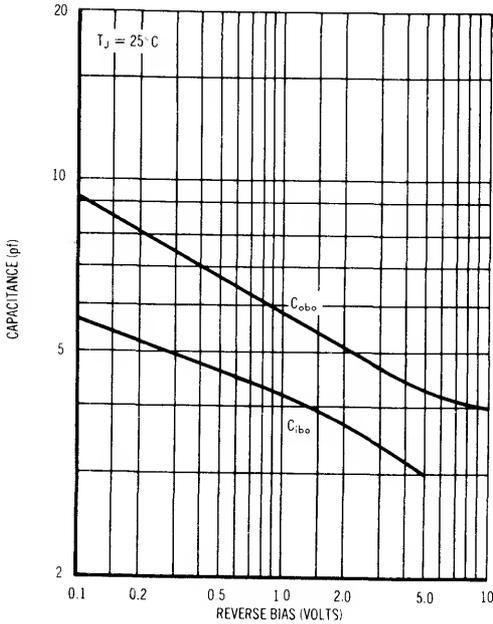


FIGURE 16 — CHARGE DATA

