

CD4538BM/CD4538BC Dual Precision Monostable

General Description

The CD4538B is a dual, precision monostable multivibrator with independent trigger and reset controls. The device is retriggerable and resettable, and the control inputs are internally latched. Two trigger inputs are provided to allow either rising or falling edge triggering. The reset inputs are active low and prevent triggering while active. Precise control of output pulse-width has been achieved using linear CMOS techniques. The pulse duration and accuracy are determined by external components R_X and C_X . The device does not allow the timing capacitor to discharge through the timing pin on power-down condition. For this reason, no external protection resistor is required in series with the timing pin. Input protection from static discharge is provided on all pins.

Features

■ Wide supply voltage range

3.0V to 15V

■ High noise immunity

0.45 V_{CC} (typ.)

■ Low power

Fan out of 2 driving 74L or 1 driving 74LS

TTL compatibility

■ New formula: PW_{OUT} = RC (PW in seconds, R in Ohms, C in Farads)

 \pm 1.0% pulse-width variation from part to part (typ.)

■ Wide pulse-width range 1 μs to ∞

■ Separate latched reset inputs

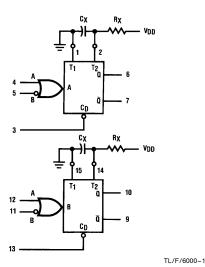
Symmetrical output sink and source capability

■ Low standby current

5 nA (typ.) @ 5 V_{DC}

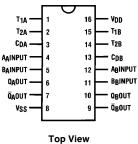
■ Pin compatible to CD4528B

Block and Connection Diagrams



R_X and C_X are External Components V_{DD} = Pin 16 V_{SS} = Pin 8

Dual-In-Line Package CD4538BM CD4538BC



TL/F/6000-2

Order Number CD4538B

Truth Table

Inputs			Outputs			
Clear	Α	В	œ	Q		
L	Х	Х	L	Н		
Х	Н	Х	L	Н		
X	X	L	L	Н		
Н	L	↓ ↓	Л	ᅚ		
Н	↑	Н	几	┰		

= High Level

Transition from Low to HighTransition from High to Low

= One High Level Pulse = One Low Level Pulse

= Irrelevant

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Notes 1 and 2)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

DC Supply Voltage (V_{DD}) -0.5 to +18 V_{DC} Input Voltage (V_{IN}) -0.5V to V_{DD} +0.5 V_{DC} Storage Temperature Range (T_S) -65° C to $+150^\circ$ C

Power Dissipation (P_D)

Recommended Operating Conditions (Note 2)

DC Supply Voltage (V_{DD}) 3 to 15 V_{DC} Input Voltage (V_{IN}) 0 to V_{DD} V_{DC}

Operating Temperature Range (T_A) CD4538BM

CD4538BC

-55°C to +125°C -40°C to +85°C

DC Electrical Characteristics CD4538BM (Note 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	−55°C		+ 25°C			+ 125°C		Units
- 1 arameter		Conditions	Min	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Units
I _{DD}	Quiescent Device Current	$ \begin{vmatrix} V_{DD} = 5V \\ V_{DD} = 10V \\ V_{DD} = 15V \end{vmatrix} $		5 10 20		0.005 0.010 0.015	5 10 20		150 300 600	μΑ μΑ μΑ
V _{OL}	Low Level Output Voltage	$ \begin{vmatrix} V_{DD} = 5V \\ V_{DD} = 10V \\ V_{DD} = 15V \end{vmatrix} V_{IA} = V_{DD}, V_{IL} = V_{SS} $		0.05 0.05 0.05		0 0 0	0.05 0.05 0.05		0.05 0.05 0.05	V V
V _{OH}	High Level Output Voltage	$ \begin{vmatrix} V_{DD} = 5V \\ V_{DD} = 10V \\ V_{DD} = 15V \end{vmatrix} I_{O} < 1 \ \mu A \\ V_{IH} = V_{DD}, V_{IL} = V_{SS} $	4.95 9.95 14.95		4.95 9.95 14.95	5 10 15		4.95 9.95 14.95		V V
V _{IL}	Low Level Input Voltage	$\begin{split} & I_O < 1~\mu\text{A} \\ &V_{DD} = 5\text{V}, V_O = 0.5\text{V or } 4.5\text{V} \\ &V_{DD} = 10\text{V}, V_O = 1.0\text{V or } 9.0\text{V} \\ &V_{DD} = 15\text{V}, V_O = 1.5\text{V or } 13.5\text{V} \end{split}$		1.5 3.0 4.0		2.25 4.50 6.75	1.5 3.0 4.0		1.5 3.0 4.0	V V V
V _{IH}	High Level Input Voltage	$\begin{array}{l} I_O < 1~\mu A \\ V_{DD} = 5 V, V_O = 0.5 V \text{ or } 4.5 V \\ V_{DD} = 10 V, V_O = 1.0 V \text{ or } 9.0 V \\ V_{DD} = 15 V, V_O = 1.5 V \text{ or } 13.5 V \end{array}$	3.5 7.0 11.0		3.5 7.0 11.0	2.75 5.50 8.25		3.5 7.0 11.0		V V V
l _{OL}	Low Level Output Current (Note 3)	$ \begin{vmatrix} V_{DD} = 5V, V_O = 0.4V \\ V_{DD} = 10V, V_O = 0.5V \\ V_D = 15V, V_O = 1.5V \end{vmatrix} V_{IH} = V_{DD} \\ V_{IL} = V_{SS} $	0.64 1.6 4.2		0.51 1.3 3.4	0.88 2.25 8.8		0.36 0.9 2.4		mA mA mA
Гон	High Level Output Current (Note 3)	$ \begin{vmatrix} V_{DD} = 5V, V_O = 4.6V \\ V_{DD} = 10V, V_O = 9.5V \\ V_D = 15V, V_O = 13.5V \end{vmatrix} \begin{array}{c} V_{IH} = V_{DD} \\ V_{IL} = V_{SS} \\ \end{aligned} $	-0.64 -1.6 -4.2		-0.51 -1.3 -3.4	-0.88 -2.25 -8.8		-0.36 -0.9 -2.4		mA mA mA
I _{IN}	Input Current, Pin 2 or 14	$V_{DD} = 15V, V_{IN} = 0V \text{ or } 15V$		±0.02		±10 ⁻⁵	±0.05		±0.5	μΑ
I _{IN}	Input Current Other Inputs	V _{DD} = 15V, V _{IN} = 0V or 15V		±0.1		±10 ⁻⁵			±1.0	μΑ

Note 1: "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed, they are not meant to imply that the devices should be operated at these limits. The tables of "Recommended Operating Conditions" and "Electrical Characteristics" provide conditions for acutal device operation.

Note 2: $V_{SS} = 0V$ unless otherwise specified.

Note 3: $I_{\mbox{OH}}$ and $I_{\mbox{OL}}$ are tested one output at a time.

DC Electrical Characteristics CD4538BC (Note 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	−40°C		+ 25°C			+85°C		Units
- Landinoto		Conditions		Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Office
I _{DD}	Quiescent Device Current	$ \begin{vmatrix} V_{DD} = 5V \\ V_{DD} = 10V \\ V_{DD} = 15V \end{vmatrix} $		20 40 80		0.005 0.010 0.015	20 40 80		150 300 600	μΑ μΑ μΑ
V _{OL}	Low Level Output Voltage	$ \begin{vmatrix} V_{DD} = 5V \\ V_{DD} = 10V \\ V_{DD} = 15V \end{vmatrix} \ \ \begin{aligned} I_{O} &< 1 \ \mu A \\ V_{IH} = V_{DD}, V_{IL} = V_{SS} \end{aligned} $		0.05 0.05 0.05		0 0 0	0.05 0.05 0.05		0.05 0.05 0.05	V V V
V _{OH}	High Level Output Voltage	$ \begin{vmatrix} V_{DD} = 5V \\ V_{DD} = 10V \\ V_{DD} = 15V \end{vmatrix} V_{IA} = V_{DD}, V_{IL} = V_{SS} $	4.95 9.95 14.95		4.95 9.95 14.95	5 10 15		4.95 9.95 14.95		V V V
V _{IL}	Low Level Input Voltage	$\begin{split} & I_O < 1~\mu\text{A} \\ &V_{DD} = 5\text{V}, V_O = 0.5\text{V or } 4.5\text{V} \\ &V_{DD} = 10\text{V}, V_O = 1.0\text{V or } 9.0\text{V} \\ &V_{DD} = 15\text{V}, V_O = 1.5\text{V or } 13.5\text{V} \end{split}$		1.5 3.0 4.0		2.25 4.50 6.75	1.5 3.0 4.0		1.5 3.0 4.0	V V V
V _{IH}	High Level Input Voltage	$\begin{split} & I_O < 1~\mu\text{A} \\ &V_{DD} = 5\text{V}, V_O = 0.5\text{V or } 4.5\text{V} \\ &V_{DD} = 10\text{V}, V_O = 1.0\text{V or } 9.0\text{V} \\ &V_{DD} = 15\text{V}, V_O = 1.5\text{V or } 13.5\text{V} \end{split}$	3.5 7.0 11.0		3.5 7.0 11.0	2.75 5.50 8.25		3.5 7.0 11.0		V V V
l _{OL}	Low Level Output Current (Note 3)	$ \begin{vmatrix} V_{DD} = 5V, V_O = 0.4V \\ V_{DD} = 10V, V_O = 0.5V \\ V_D = 15V, V_O = 1.5V \end{vmatrix} V_{IH} = V_{DD} \\ V_{IL} = V_{SS} $	0.52 1.3 3.6		0.44 1.1 3.0	0.88 2.25 8.8		0.36 0.9 2.4		mA mA mA
ГОН	High Level Output Current (Note 3)	$ \begin{vmatrix} V_{DD} = 5V, V_O = 4.6V \\ V_{DD} = 10V, V_O = 9.5V \\ V_D = 15V, V_O = 13.5V \end{vmatrix} V_{IL} = V_{SS} $	-0.52 -1.3 -3.6		-0.44 -1.1 -3.0	-0.88 -2.25 -8.8		-0.36 -0.9 -2.4		mA mA mA
I _{IN}	Input Current, Pin 2 or 14	$V_{DD} = 15V, V_{IN} = 0V \text{ or } 15V$		±0.02		±10 ⁻⁵	±0.05		±0.5	μΑ
I _{IN}	Input Current Other Inputs	$V_{DD} = 15V, V_{IN} = 0V \text{ or } 15V$		±0.3		±10 ⁻⁵	±0.3		±1.0	μΑ

Note 1: "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed, they are not meant to imply that the devices should be operated at these limits. The tables of "Recommended Operating Conditions" and "Electrical Characteristics" provide conditions for acutal device operation.

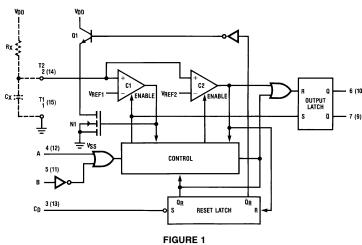
Note 2: $V_{SS} = 0V$ unless otherwise specified.

Note 3: $I_{\mbox{\scriptsize OH}}$ and $I_{\mbox{\scriptsize OL}}$ are tested one output at a time.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditio	ns	Min	Тур	Max	Units
t _{TLH} , t _{THL}	Output Transition Time	$V_{DD} = 5V$ $V_{DD} = 10V$ $V_{DD} = 15V$			100 50 40	200 100 80	ns ns ns
[†] PLH, [†] PHL	Propagation Delay Time	Trigger Operation— A or B to Q or \overline{Q} V _{DD} = 5V V _{DD} = 10V V _{DD} = 15V Reset Operation— C _D to Q or \overline{Q} V _{DD} = 5V V _{DD} = 10V V _{DD} = 15V			300 150 100 250 125 95	600 300 220 500 250 190	ns ns ns
t_{WL} , t_{WH}	Minimum Input Pulse Width A, B, or C _D	$V_{DD} = 5V$ $V_{DD} = 10V$ $V_{DD} = 15V$			35 30 25	70 60 50	ns ns ns
t _{RR}	Minimum Retrigger Time	$V_{DD} = 5V$ $V_{DD} = 10V$ $V_{DD} = 15V$			0	0 0 0	ns ns ns
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance	Pin 2 or 14 Other Inputs			10 5	7.5	pF pF
PW _{OUT}	Output Pulse Width (Q or \overline{Q}) (Note: For Typical Distribution, see <i>Figure 9</i>)	$\begin{aligned} R_X &= 100 k \Omega \\ C_X &= 0.002 \mu F \end{aligned}$	$V_{DD} = 5V$ $V_{DD} = 10V$ $V_{DD} = 15V$	208 211 216	226 230 235	244 248 254	μs μs μs
		$R_{X} = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$ $C_{X} = 0.1 \mu\text{F}$	$V_{DD} = 5V$ $V_{DD} = 10V$ $V_{DD} = 15V$	8.83 9.02 9.20	9.60 9.80 10.00	10.37 10.59 10.80	ms ms ms
		$R_{X} = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$ $C_{X} = 10.0 \mu\text{F}$	$V_{DD} = 5V$ $V_{DD} = 10V$ $V_{DD} = 15V$	0.87 0.89 0.91	0.95 0.97 0.99	1.03 1.05 1.07	s s s
Pulse Width Match between Circuits in the Same Package $C_X = 0.1 \ \mu F, R_X = 100 \ k\Omega$		$R_{X} = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$ $C_{X} = 0.1 \mu\text{F}$	$V_{DD} = 5V$ $V_{DD} = 10V$ $V_{DD} = 15V$		±1 ±1 ±1		% % %
Operating (Conditions						
R _X C _X	External Timing Resistance External Timing Capacitance			5.0 0		** No Limit	kΩ pF

 $^{^{\}ast}\text{AC}$ parameters are guaranteed by DC correlated testing.

Logic Diagram



TL/F/6000-3

^{**}The maximum usable resistance R_X is a function of the leakage of the Capacitor C_X, leakage of the CD4538B, and leakage due to board layout, surface resistance, etc.

Theory of Operation

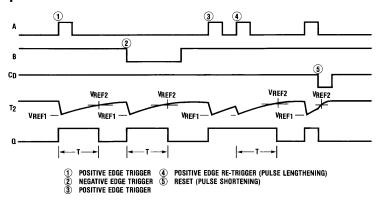


FIGURE 2

TL/F/6000-4

Trigger Operation

The block diagram of the CD4538B is shown in *Figure 1*, with circuit operation following.

As shown in Figures 1 and 2, before an input trigger occurs, the monostable is in the quiescent state with the Q output low, and the timing capacitor $C_{\boldsymbol{X}}$ completely charged to V_{DD}. When the trigger input A goes from V_{SS} to V_{DD} (while inputs B and CD are held to VDD) a valid trigger is recognized, which turns on comparator C1 and N-Channel transistor N1 0. At the same time the output latch is set. With transistor N1 on, the capacitor C_X rapidly discharges toward VSS until VREF1 is reached. At this point the output of comparator C1 changes state and transistor N1 turns off. Comparator C1 then turns off while at the same time comparator C2 turns on. With transistor N1 off, the capacitor C_X begins to charge through the timing resistor, $R_{\mbox{\scriptsize X}},$ toward $\mbox{\scriptsize V}_{\mbox{\scriptsize DD}}.$ When the voltage across CX equals VREF2, comparator C2 changes state causing the output latch to reset (Q goes low) while at the same time disabling comparator C2. This ends the timing cycle with the monostable in the quiescent state, waiting for the next trigger.

A valid trigger is also recognized when trigger input B goes from V_{DD} to V_{SS} (while input A is at V_{SS} and input C_D is at V_{DD}) @ .

It should be noted that in the quiescent state C_X is fully charged to V_{DD} , causing the current through resistor R_X to be zero. Both comparators are "off" with the total device current due only to reverse junction leakages. An added feature of the CD4538B is that the output latch is set

via the input trigger without regard to the capacitor voltage. Thus, propagation delay from trigger to Q is independent of the value of C_X , R_X , or the duty cycle of the input waveform.

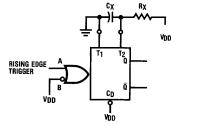
Retrigger Operation

The CD4538B is retriggered if a valid trigger occurs followed by another valid trigger before the Q output has returned to the quiescent (zero) state. Any retrigger, after the timing node voltage at pin 2 or 14 has begun to rise from V_{REF1}, but has not yet reached V_{REF2}, will cause an increase in output pulse width T. When a valid retrigger is initiated 0, the voltage at T2 will again drop to V_{REF1} before progressing along the RC charging curve toward V_{DD}. The Q output will remain high until time T, after the last valid retrigaer.

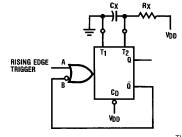
Reset Operation

The CD4538B may be reset during the generation of the output pulse. In the reset mode of operation, an input pulse on C_D sets the reset latch and causes the capacitor to be fast charged to V_{DD} by turning on transistor Q1 $\ \odot$. When the voltage on the capacitor reaches V_{REF2} , the reset latch will clear and then be ready to accept another pulse. If the C_D input is held low, any trigger inputs that occur will be inhibited and the Q and \overline{Q} outputs of the output latch will not change. Since the Q output is reset when an input low level is detected on the C_D input, the output pulse T can be made significantly shorter than the minimum pulse width specification.

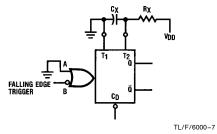
Typical Applications



TL/F/6000-5



TL/F/6000-6



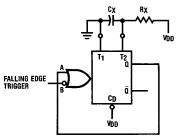


FIGURE 3. Retriggerable Monostables Circuitry

TL/F/6000-8
FIGURE 4. Non-Retriggerable Monostables Circuitry

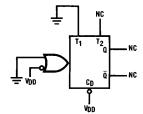
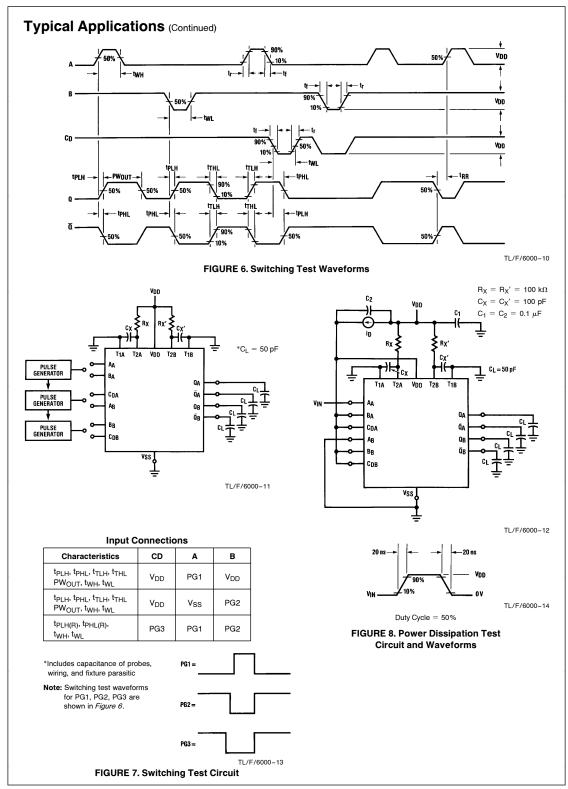
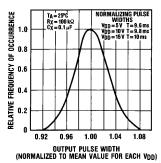


FIGURE 5. Connection of Unused Sections

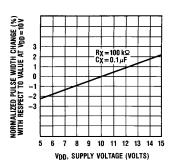


Typical Applications (Continued)



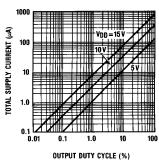
TL/F/6000-15

FIGURE 9. Typical Normalized Distribution of Units for Output Pulse Width



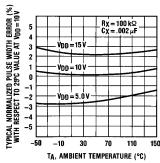
TL/F/6000-17

FIGURE 10. Typical Pulse Width Variation as a Function of Supply Voltage V_{DD}



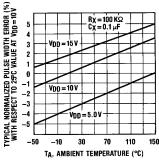
TL/F/6000 FIGURE 11. Typical Total Supply Current Versus

Output Duty Cycle, $R_X=100~k\Omega, C_L=50~pF,$ $C_X=100~pF,$ One Monostable Switching Only



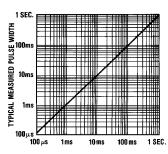
TL/F/6000-16

FIGURE 12. Typical Pulse Width Error Versus Temperature



TL/F/6000-18

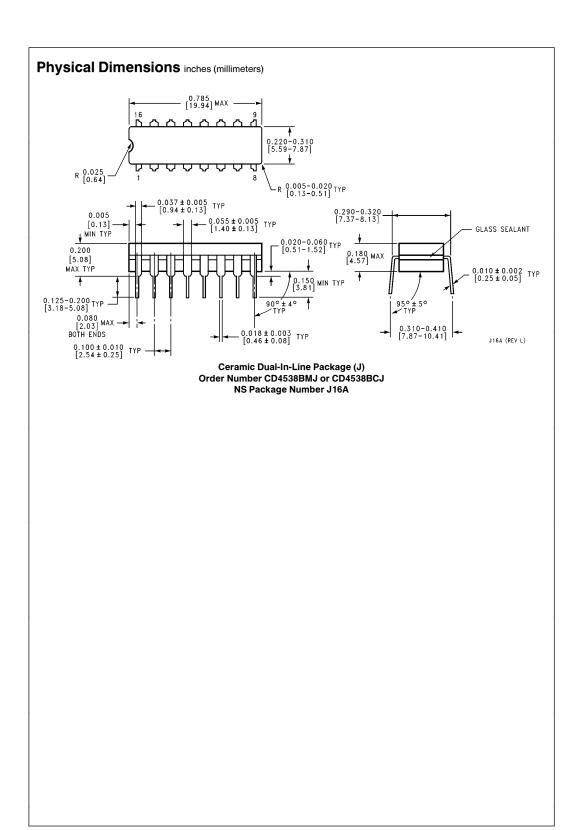
FIGURE 13. Typical Pulse Width Error Versus Temperature



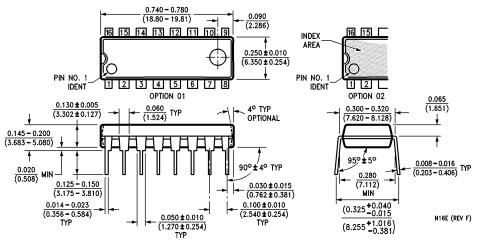
TIMING RC PRODUCT

TL/F/6000-20

FIGURE 14. Typical Pulse Width Versus Timing RC Product



Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) (Continued)



Molded Dual-In-Line Package (N) Order Number CD4538BMN or CD4538BCN NS Package Number N16E

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